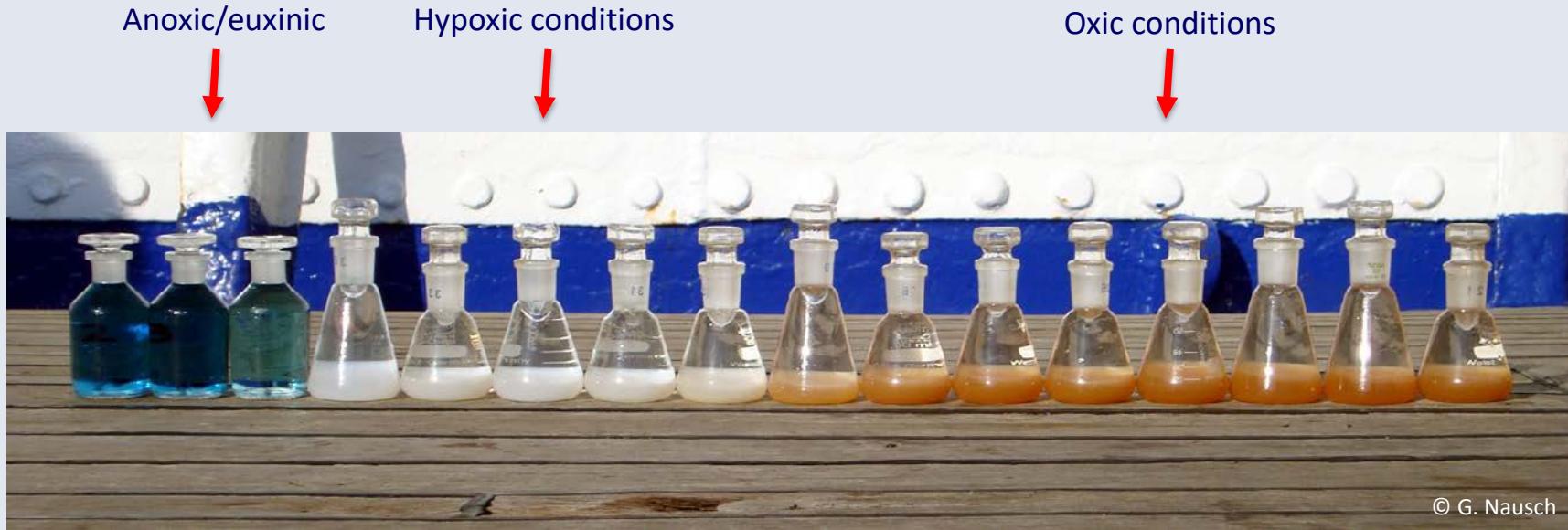


Hypoxic to euxinic conditions in the Baltic Sea 1969-2016

- a seasonal to decadal spatial analysis



Water samples of the central Baltic Sea – stagnation period

Michael Naumann¹, Susanne Feistel¹, Günther Nausch¹, Thomas Ruth², Jakob Zabel², Markus Plangg², Martin Hansson³, Lars Andersson³, Lena Viktorsson³, Elzbieta Lysiak-Pastuszak⁴, Rainer Feistel¹, Dietwart Nehring¹, Wolfgang Matthäus¹, H.E. Markus Meier^{1,3}

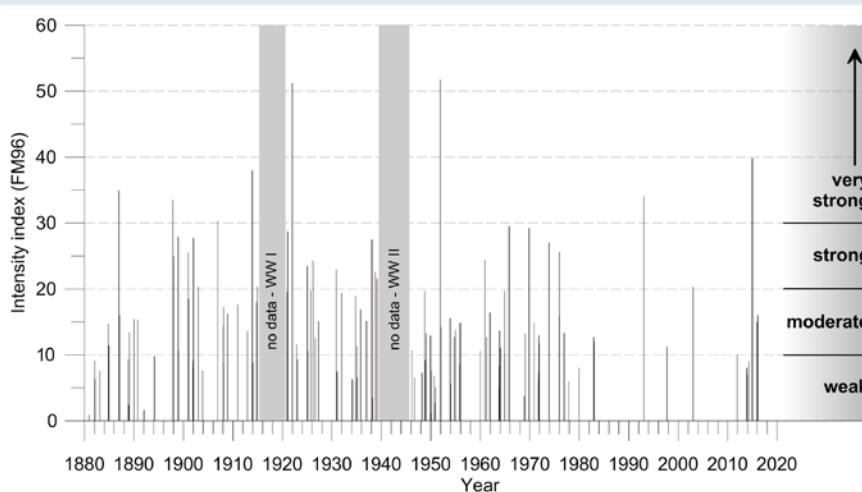
¹Leibniz Institute for Baltic Sea Research Warnemünde, Rostock-Warnemünde, Germany

²Fraunhofer Institute for Computer Graphics Research, Maritime Graphics, Rostock, Germany

³Swedish Meteorological and Hydrological Institute, Norrköping and Västra Frölunda, Sweden

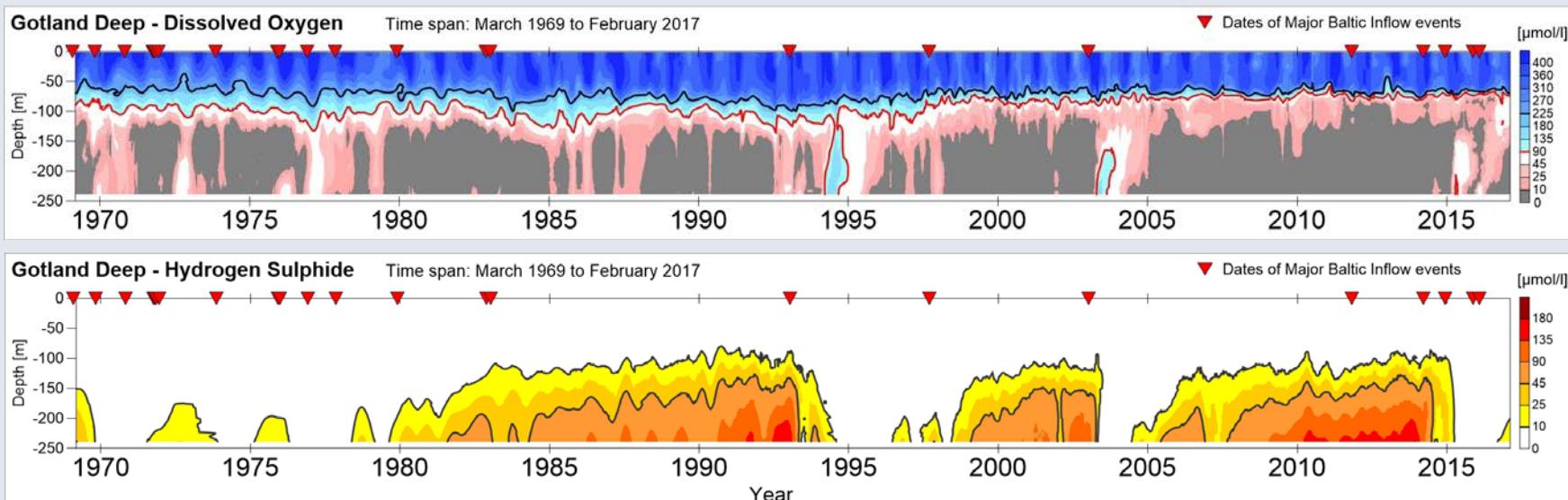
⁴Institute of Meteorology and Water Management, Maritime Branch, Gdynia, Poland

Introduction



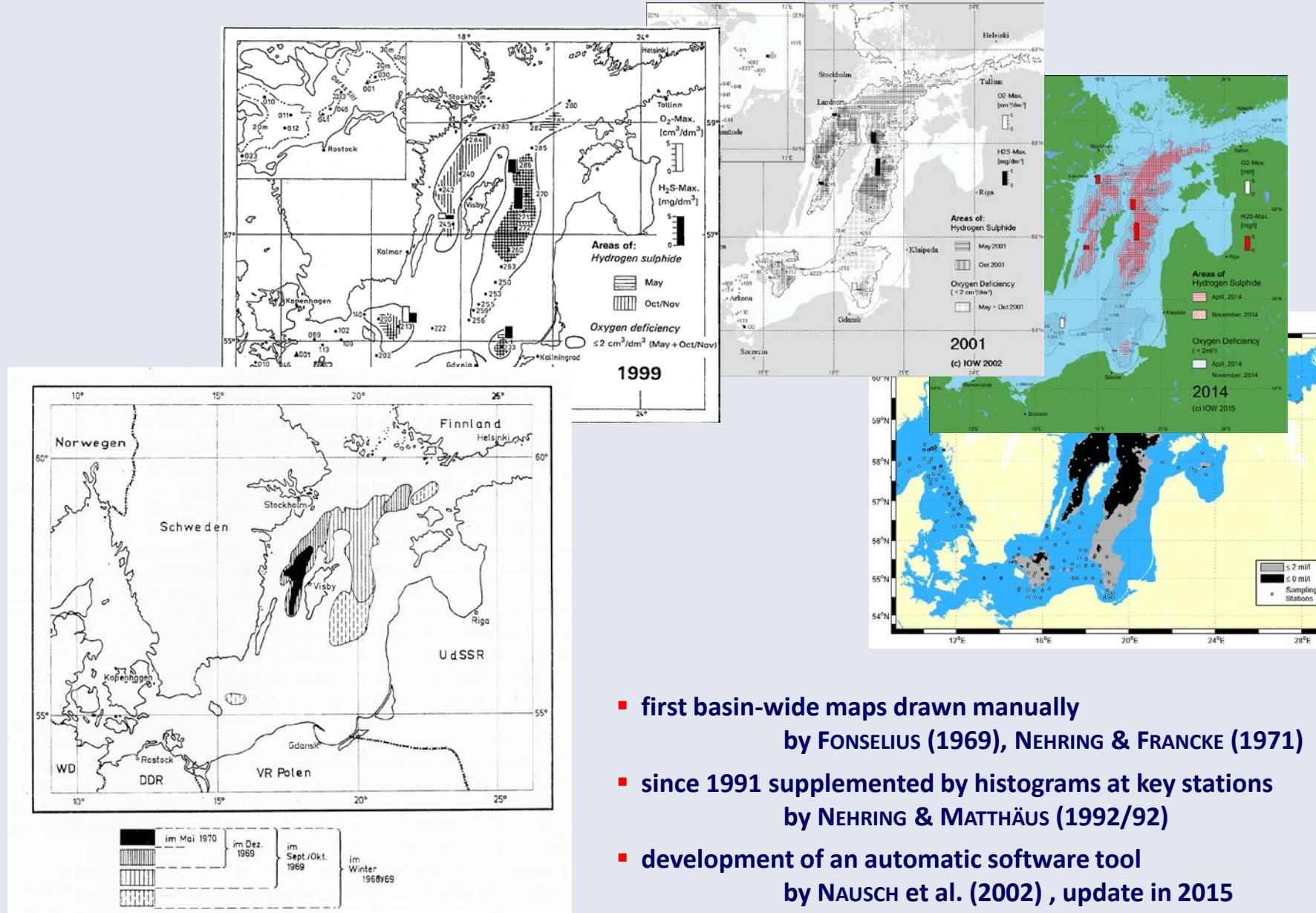
Intensity Index of observed Major Baltic Inflows between 1880-2016
(extended after Matthäus et al. 2008)

- Hypoxic to anoxic conditions are dominating the deep-water of the central basins
- Ventilations and renewals of this water layer are controlled by saltwater intrusions from the North Sea
- ... spatial development of these areas are of general interest



Long-term data of dissolved oxygen and hydrogen sulphide at the station Gotland Deep (BY15 / TF271) – central Baltic Sea

Development of distribution maps



- first basin-wide maps drawn manually
by FONSELIUS (1969), NEHRING & FRANCKE (1971)
- since 1991 supplemented by histograms at key stations
by NEHRING & MATTHÄUS (1992/92)
- development of an automatic software tool
by NAUSCH et al. (2002) , update in 2015

Maps production

```

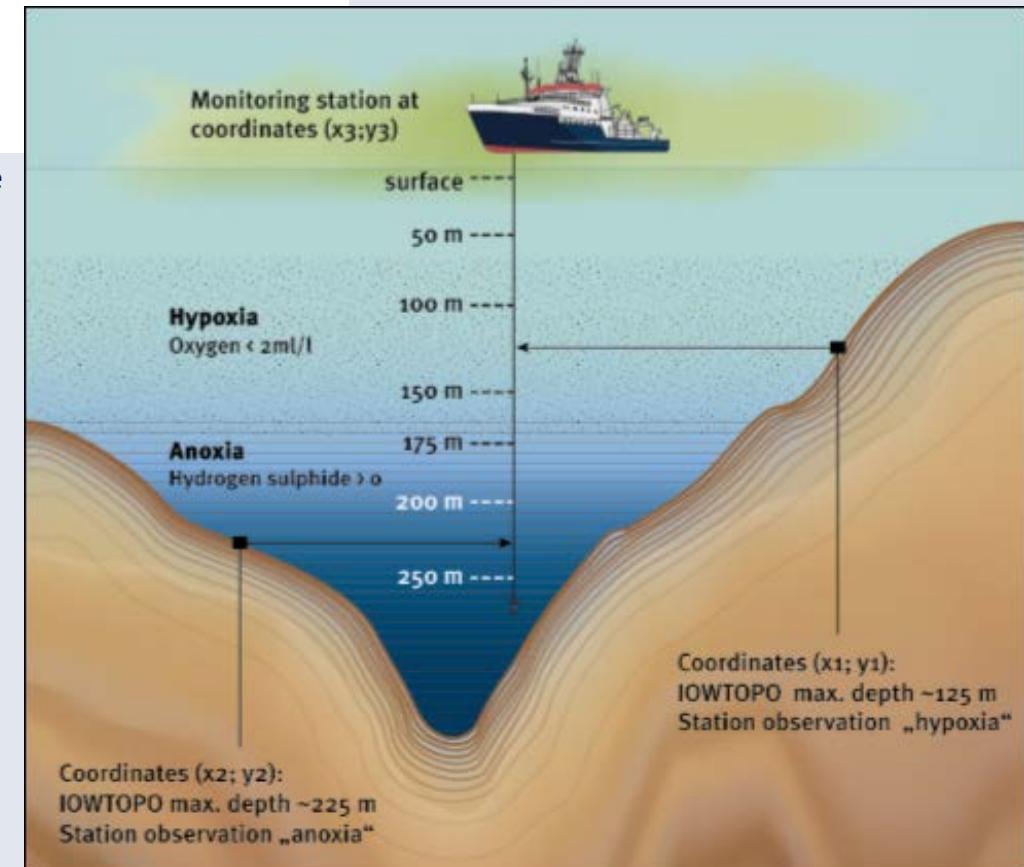
1 H2S&O2, Level File
2 Version , 1.0
3 Cruise 1, 11, 2015
4 Cruise 2,
5 Stn, Lon, Lat, z (O2<2), z (H2S 1), z (H2S 2), Btm.O2max, Btm.H2Smax
6 001,12.710628,54.696155,999,999,999,6.49,
7 002,12.450832,54.650433,999,999,999,5.75,
...
46 271,20.050332,57.320015,80.41,999,999,0.1,
47 285,20.333120,58.441352,80.38,100.39,999,0.42,1.07
48 286,19.900188,58.000002,70.38,90.4,999,0.24,1.14
49 360,10.452572,54.600162,999,999,999,3.37,
50 361,10.769240,54.658305,999,999,999,5.21,

```

Section from a level file compilated from the data base

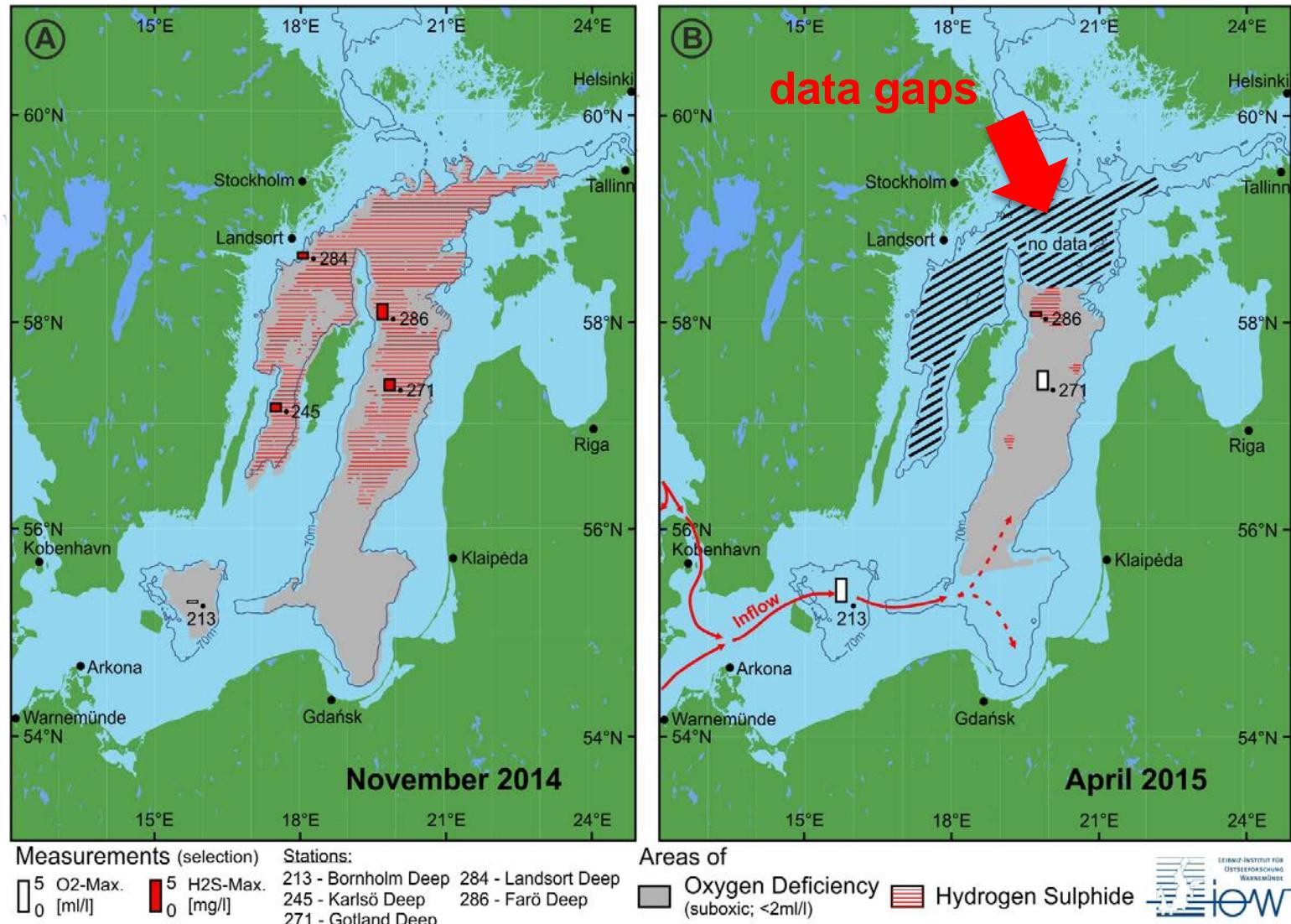
Map production:

- database request in a defined time span:
 - > depth levels for dissolved oxygen starting to fall below 2 ml/l (90 µmol/l)
 - > occurrence of hydrogen sulphide
 - > near bottom values
- spreading of this depth values to the margins of the basins, constructing areas
- Map export as „classic“ figure
- GIS shape production as polygons and interpolated grids (1 NM)
- GIS analysis: slicing into subareas, calculation of areas

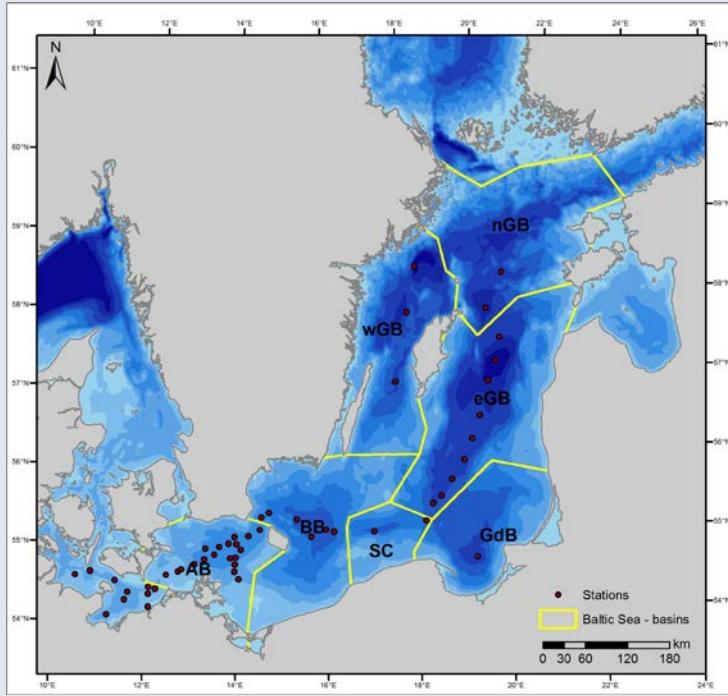


Production of maps using level files and bathymetry (SEIFERT et al. 2001)

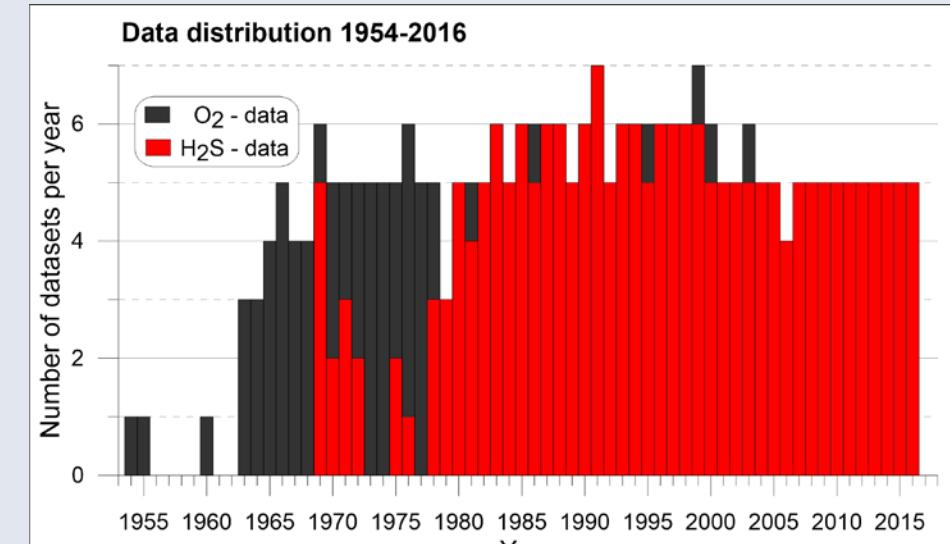
Motivation for the next steps



Dataset



Map of stations and analysed subareas



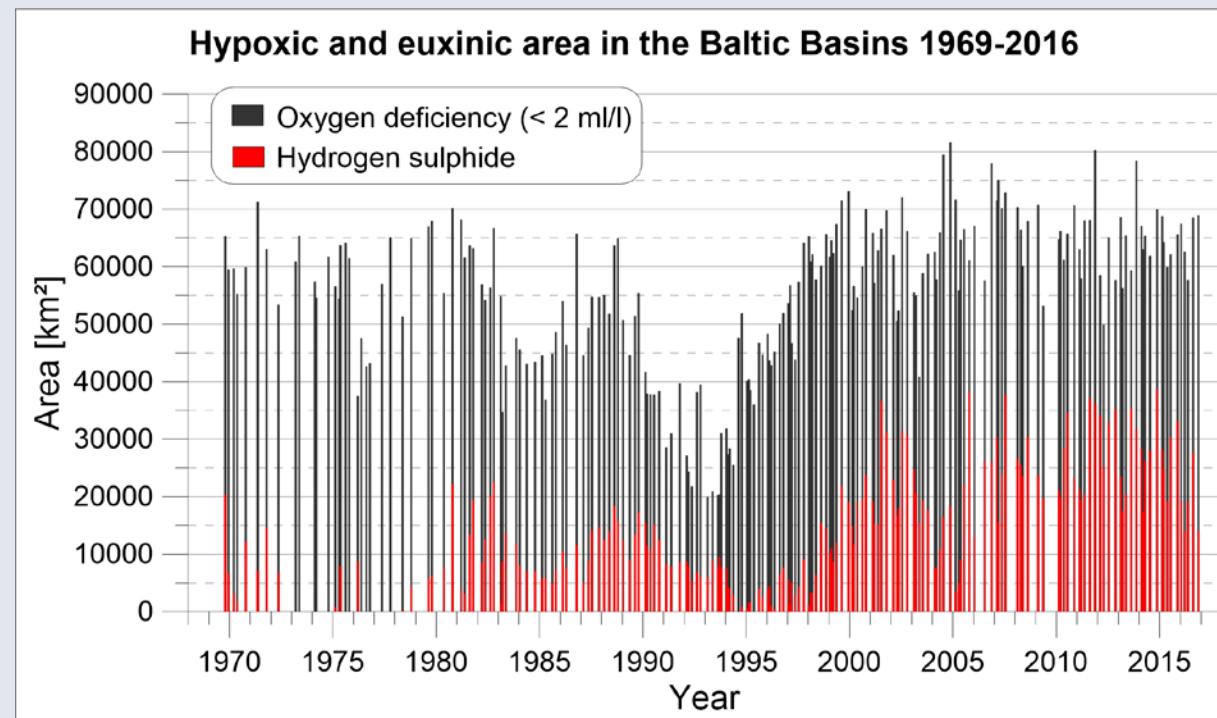
Distribution of long-term data since 1954



- compilation of german, swedish and polish monitoring data to a consistent dataset in space and time (data distribution in all subareas per analysed time step)
- devision in 7 subareas from the western to the central Baltic Sea: Arkona Basin (AB), Bornholm Basin (BB), Slupsk Channel (SC), Gdansk Basin (GdB), eastern Gotland Basin (eGB), northern Gotland Basin (nGB), western Gotland Basin (wGB)
- 284 time steps since 1954
 - > since 1969 five datasets per year in mean of dissolved oxygen
 - > since 1978 continuous hydrogen sulphide measurements

Results

Total area



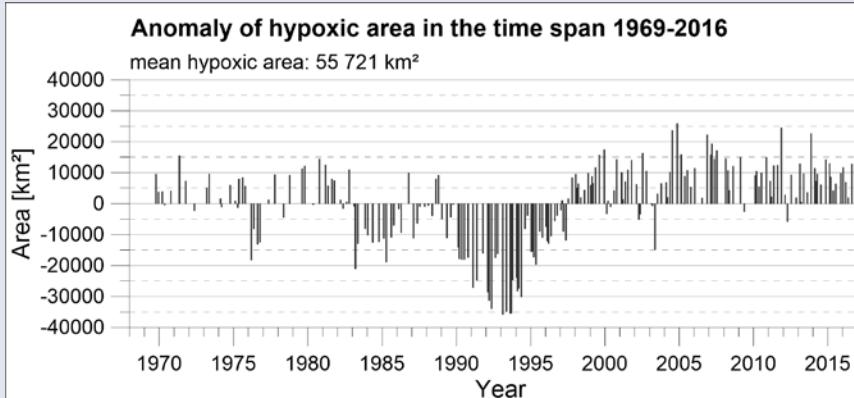
Spatial analysis of hypoxic to euxinic conditions in the Baltic Sea since 1969

Time	Mean areal extent [km ²]	Standard deviation [km ²]	Max [km ²]	Min [km ²]
Hypoxic (1969-2016)	55721	13074	81590	19891
Euxinic (1969-2016)	14607	9872	38712	0

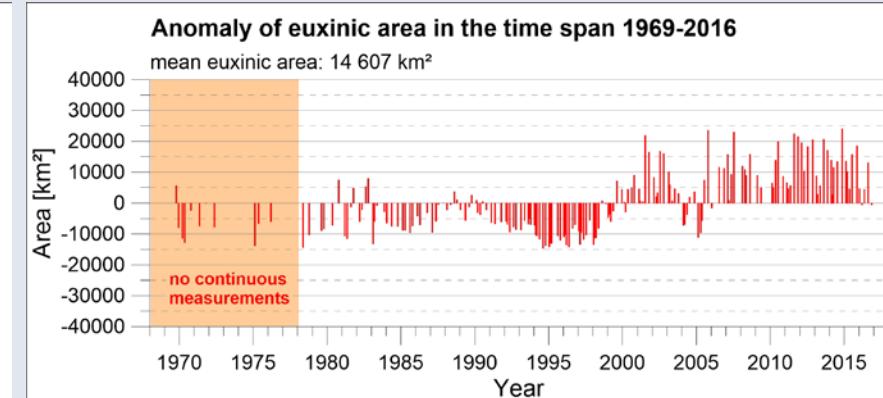
- Oxygen: 195 datasets out of 284 covering all basins (resolution: ~ 4.1 datasets/year)
- Hydrogen sulphide: 181 datasets out of 218 covering all basins (resolution: ~ 3.9 datasets/year)

Results

Total area – in more detail



Anomaly of hypoxic area (mean: 55 721 km²)



Anomaly of euxinic area (mean: 14 607 km²)

Time	Mean areal extent [km ²]	Max [km ²]	Min [km ²]
Hypoxic (1970-1979)	57923	71237	37482
Euxinic (1970-1979)	6098	14557	198
Hypoxic (1980-1989)	53033	70179	34651
Euxinic (1980-1989)	11066	22572	1308
Hypoxic (1990-1999)	44270	73109	19891
Euxinic (1990-1999)	7003	21855	0
Hypoxic (2000-2009)	63679	81590	40821
Euxinic (2000-2009)	20546	38190	3457
Hypoxic (2010-2016)	64617	80219	49894
Euxinic (2010-2016)	26023	38712	13976

Decadal analysis

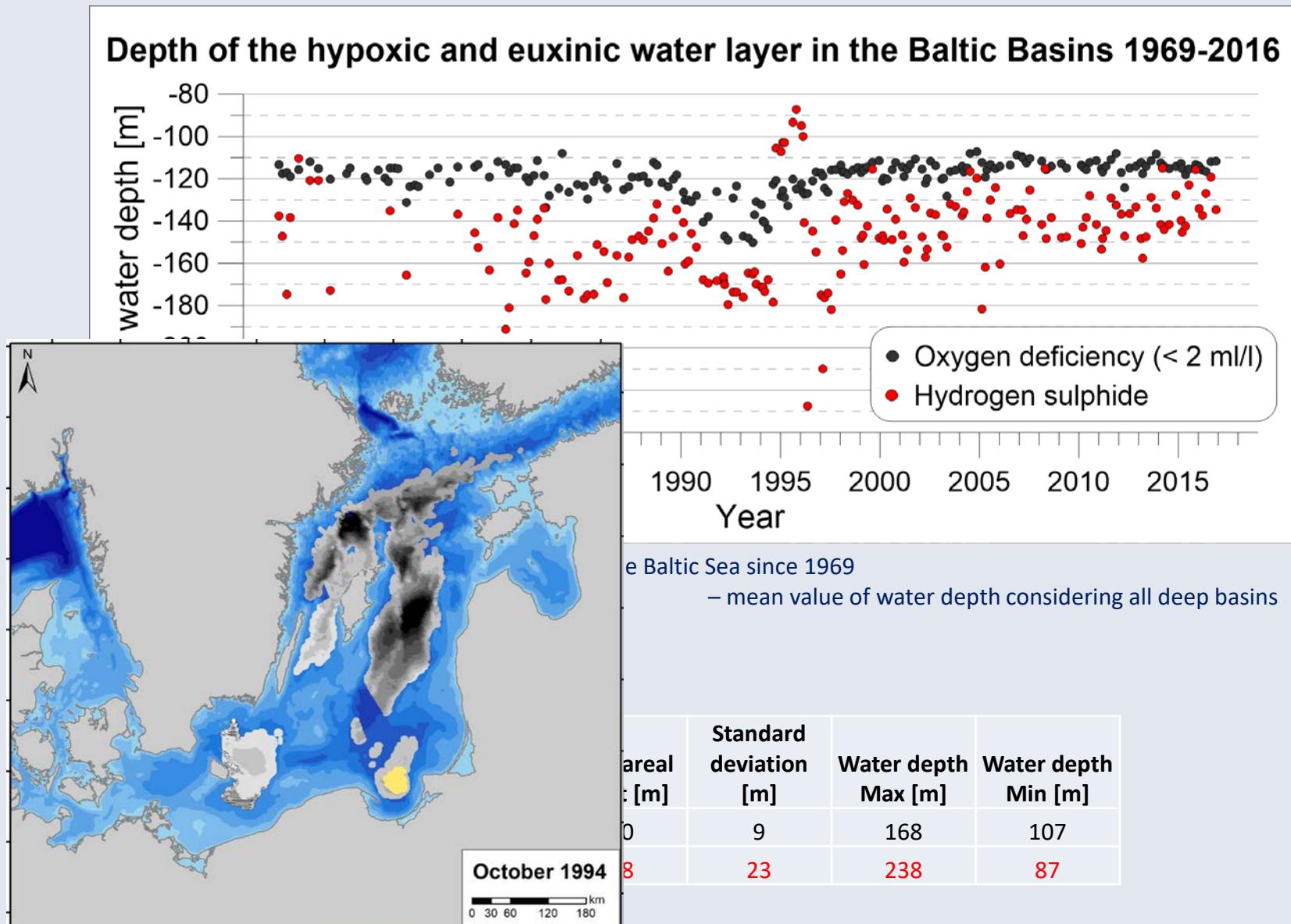
Season	Mean areal extent [km ²]
Hypoxic (Jan.-Feb.)	54323
Euxinic (Jan.-Feb.)	12444
Hypoxic (March)	53672
Euxinic (March)	11823
Hypoxic (April-May)	52066
Euxinic (April-May)	11742
Hypoxic (July-Sept.)	57427
Euxinic (July-Sept.)	19576
Hypoxic (Oct.-Dez.)	60717
Euxinic (Oct.-Dez.)	17467

Seasonal analysis

- Hypoxia: only slightly increase since 70's (6000 km² /9 %)
- H2S: since 1978 continuous measurements (last 3 stagnation periods), increase in last 2 decades, more persistent
- seasonal: min in spring, max late summer/early winter

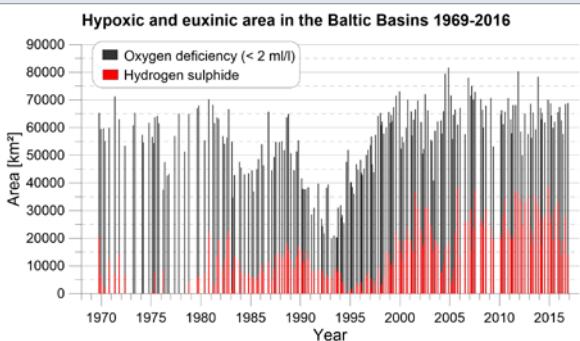
Results

Total area – water depth

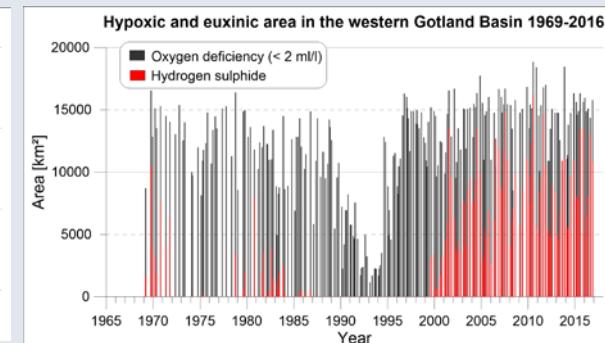
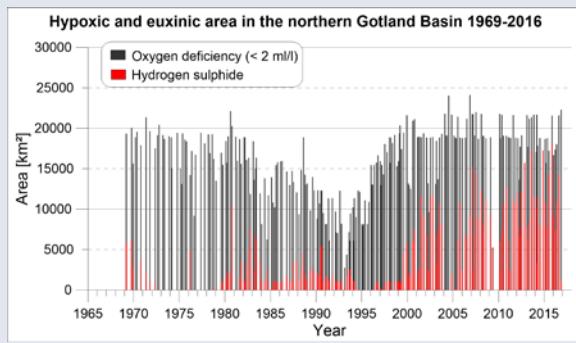
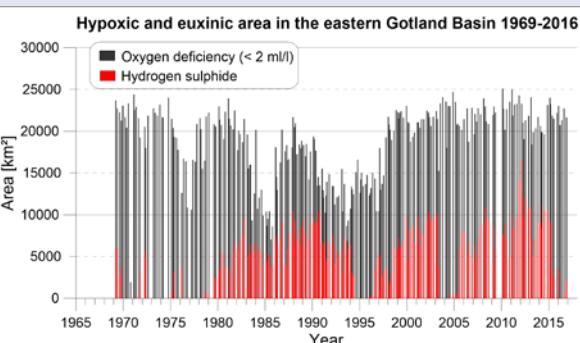
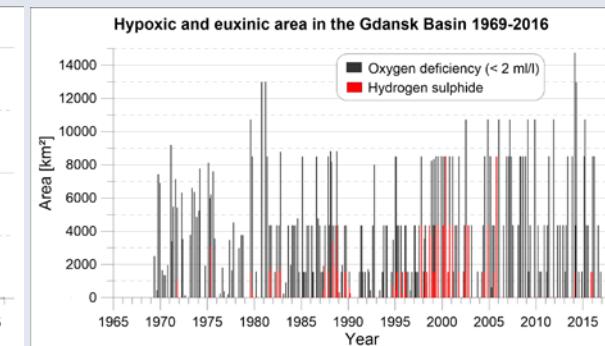
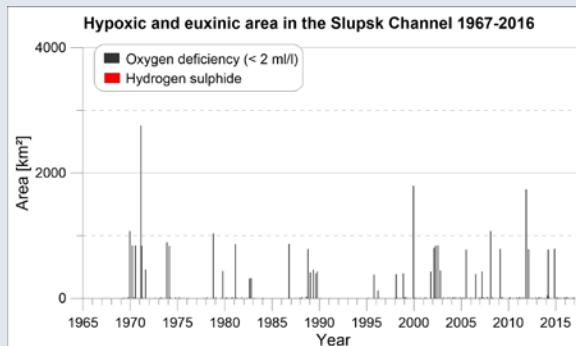
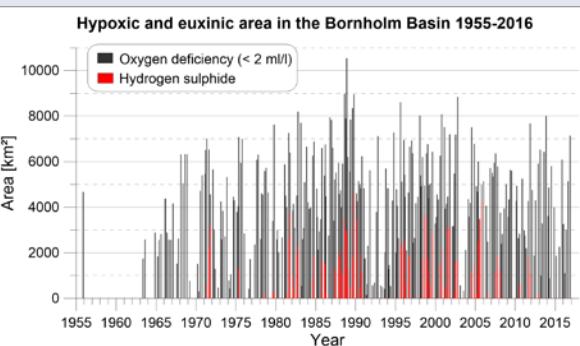
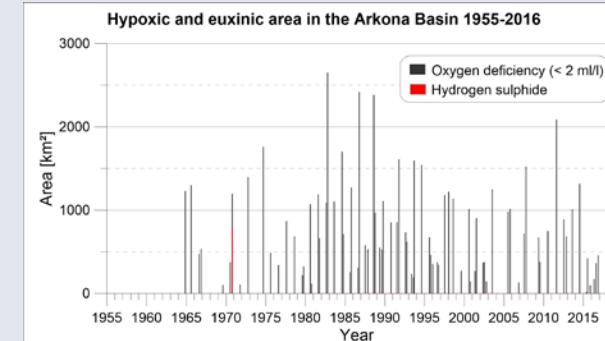


Results

Overview of all basins

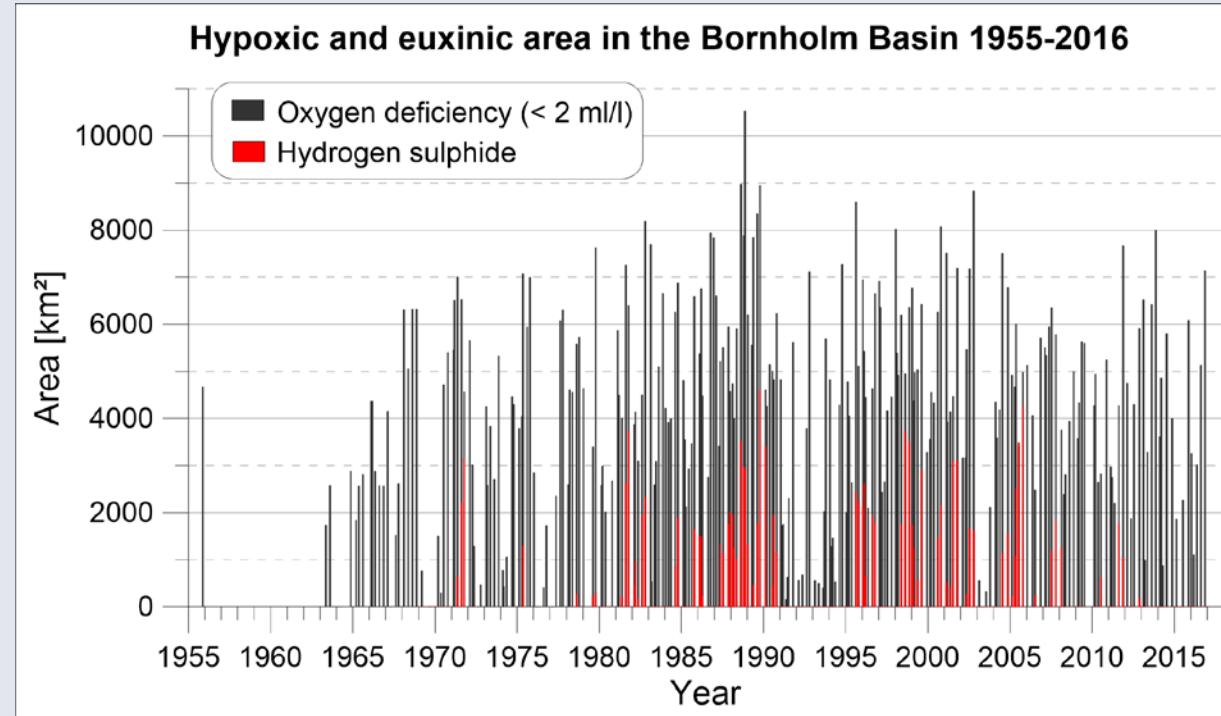


area seperated
into subbasins



Results

Bornholm Basin



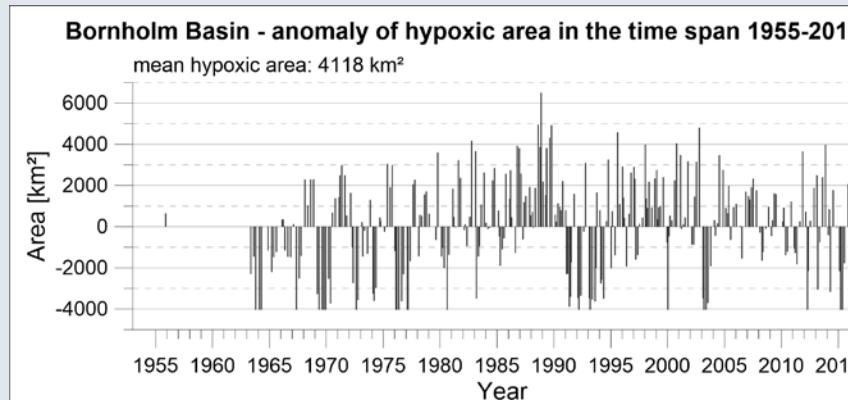
Spatial analysis of hypoxic to euxinic conditions in the Bornholm Basin since 1955

Time	Mean areal extent [km ²]	Standard deviation [km ²]	Max [km ²]	Min [km ²]
Hypoxic (1955-2016)	4029	2335	10534	0
Euxinic (1955-2016)	595	1029	4608	0

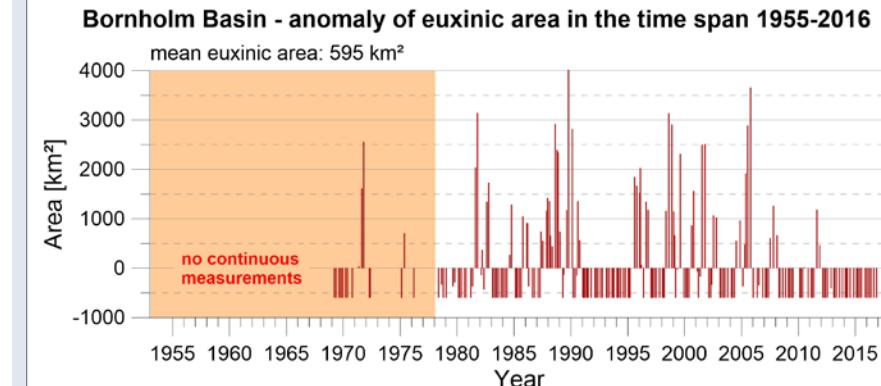
- Oxygen: 270 datasets out of 284 covering the Bornholm Basin (resolution: ~ 4.4 datasets/year)
- Hydrogen sulphide: 217 datasets out of 218 covering the Bornholm Basin (resolution: ~ 3.5 datasets/year)

Results

Bornholm Basin – in more detail



Anomaly of hypoxic area (mean: 4118 km²)



Anomaly of euxinic area (mean: 595 km²)

Time	Mean areal extent [km ²]	Max [km ²]	Min [km ²]
Hypoxic (1960-1969)	2379	6323	0
Euxinic (1960-1969)	0	0	0
Hypoxic (1970-1979)	3509	7624	0
Euxinic (1970-1979)	476	3152	0
Hypoxic (1980-1989)	5125	10534	0
Euxinic (1980-1989)	908	4608	0
Hypoxic (1990-1999)	3986	8603	0
Euxinic (1990-1999)	614	3729	0
Hypoxic (2000-2009)	4461	8835	0
Euxinic (2000-2009)	690	4252	0
Hypoxic (2010-2016)	3739	8004	0
Euxinic (2010-2016)	104	1774	0

Decadal analysis

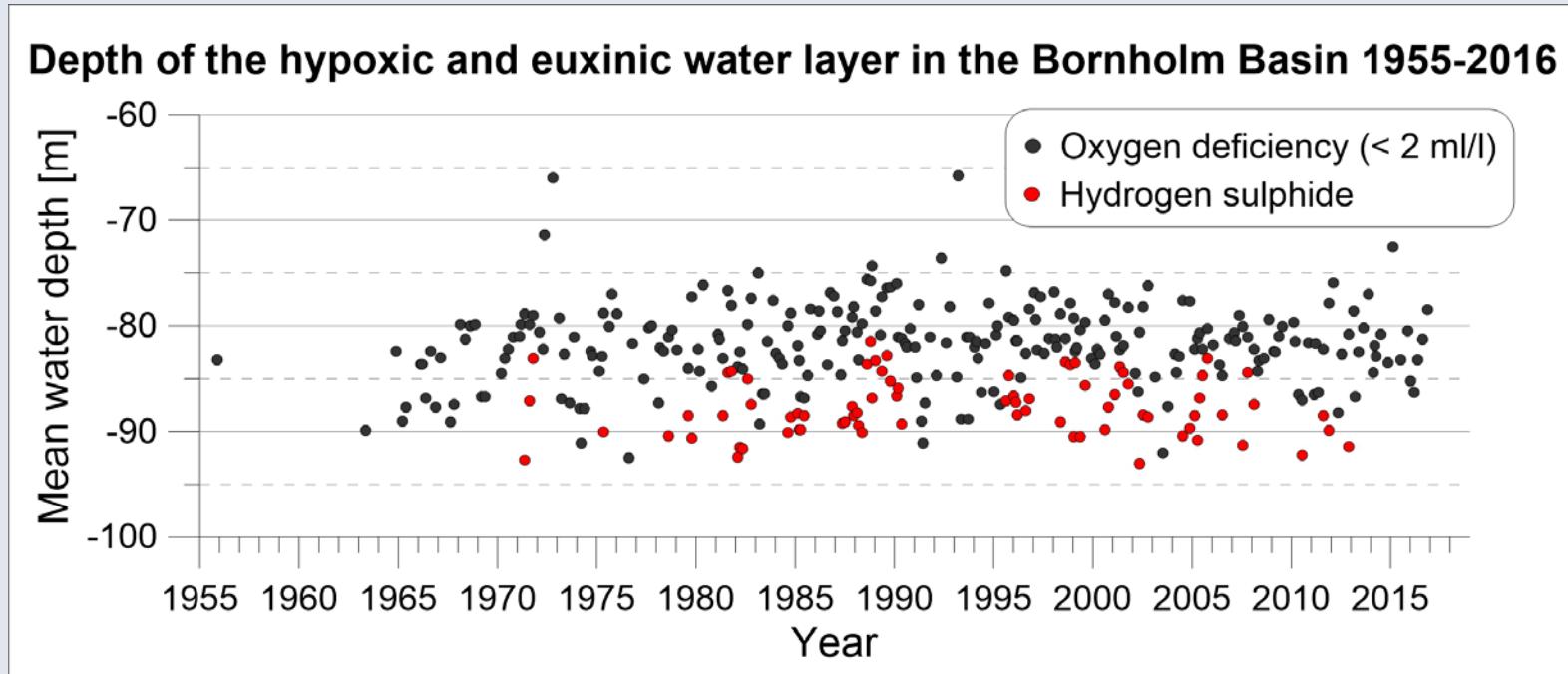
Season	Mean areal extent [km ²]
Hypoxic (Jan.-Feb.)	4164
Euxinic (Jan.-Feb.)	409
Hypoxic (March)	2999
Euxinic (March)	136
Hypoxic (April-June)	3066
Euxinic (April-June)	247
Hypoxic (July-Sept.)	4311
Euxinic (July-Sept.)	1004
Hypoxic (Oct.-Dez.)	5524
Euxinic (Oct.-Dez.)	1178

Seasonal analysis

- **Hypoxia: highly dynamic, no increase detectable, max at the end of 80's**
- **H2S: sporadic, max in the 80's, since 2005 decreasing, since 2012 not measured**
- **seasonal: min in March, max early winter**

Results

Bornholm Basin – water depth



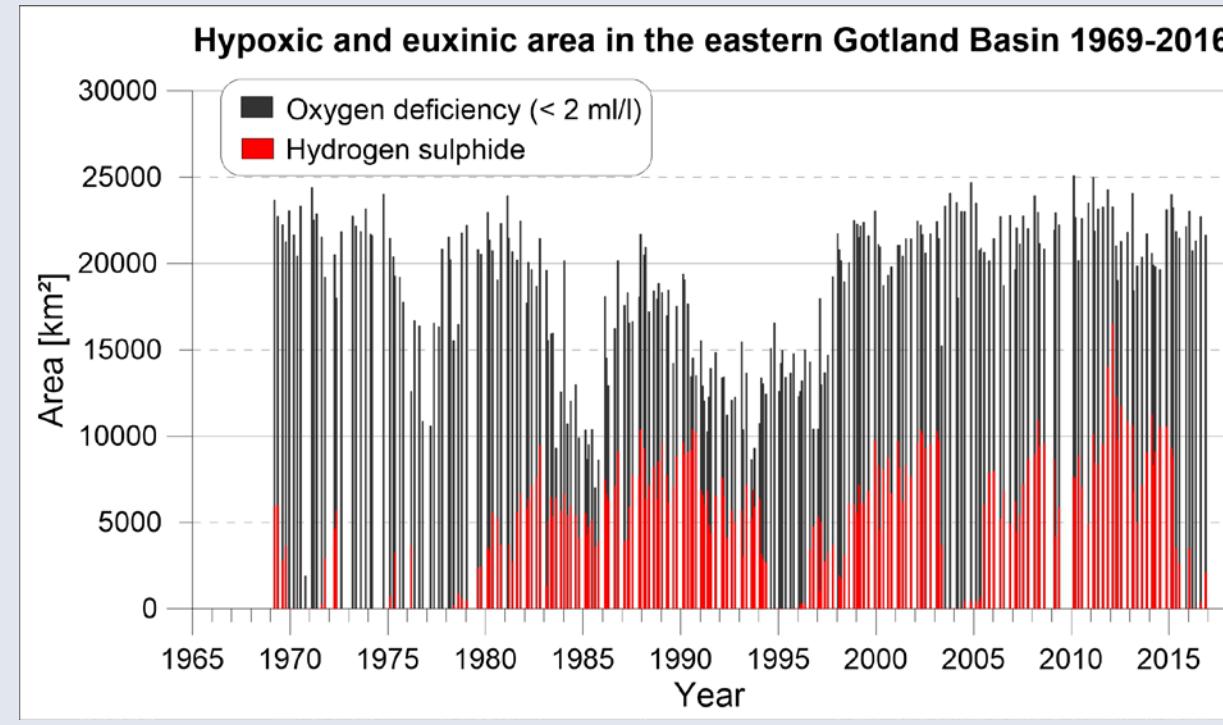
Spatial analysis of hypoxic to euxinic conditions in the Baltic Sea since 1969

– mean value of water depth considering all deep basins

Time	Mean water depth [m]	Standard deviation [m]	Water depth Max [m]	Water depth Min [m]
Hypoxic (1969-2016)	82	4	93	66
Euxinic (1969-2016)	88	3	93	82

Results

eastern Gotland Basin



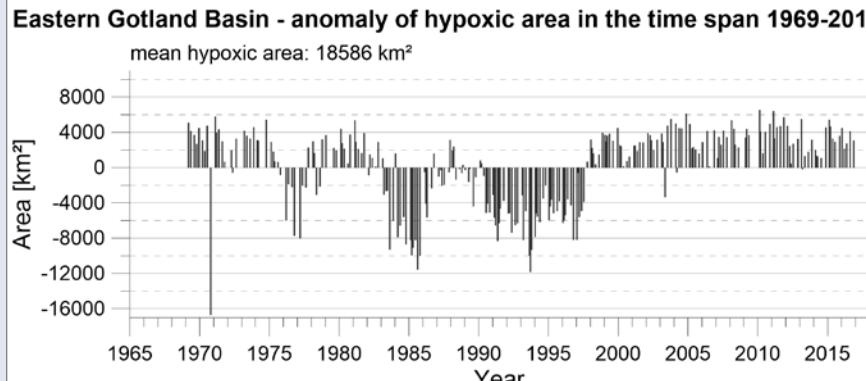
Spatial analysis of hypoxic to euxinic conditions in the eastern Gotland Basin since 1969

Time	Mean areal extent [km ²]	Standard deviation [km ²]	Max [km ²]	Min [km ²]
Hypoxic (1969-2016)	18586	4415	25101	1898
Euxinic (1969-2016)	5511	3392	16493	0

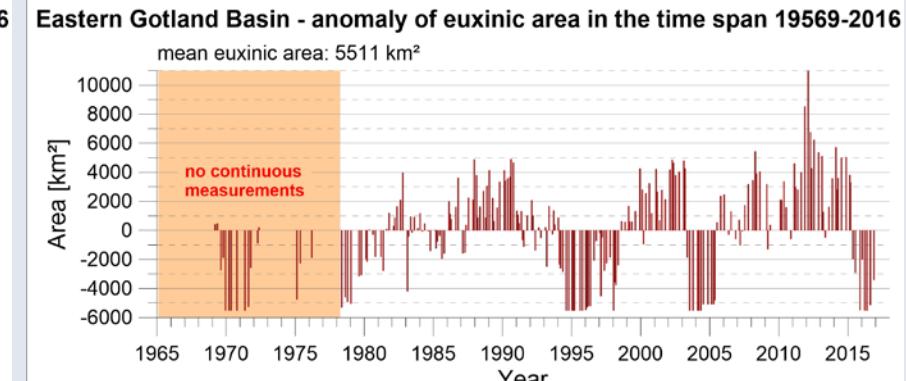
- Oxygen: 240 datasets out of 284 covering the eastern Gotland Basin (resolution: ~ 5.1 datasets/year)
- Hydrogen sulphide: 215 datasets out of 218 covering the east. Gotland Basin (resolution: ~ 4.6 datasets/year)

Results

eastern Gotland Basin – in more detail



Anomaly of hypoxic area (mean: 18586 km²)



Anomaly of euxinic area (mean: 5511 km²)

Time	Mean areal extent [km ²]	Max [km ²]	Min [km ²]
Hypoxic (1970-1979)	19345	24396	1898
Euxinic (1970-1979)	1654	5712	0
Hypoxic (1980-1989)	16898	23935	7015
Euxinic (1980-1989)	6103	10388	1308
Hypoxic (1990-1999)	15086	23041	6760
Euxinic (1990-1999)	4546	10412	0
Hypoxic (2000-2009)	21485	24680	15242
Euxinic (2000-2009)	6093	10934	0
Hypoxic (2010-2016)	21942	25101	18424
Euxinic (2010-2016)	7611	16493	0

Decadal analysis

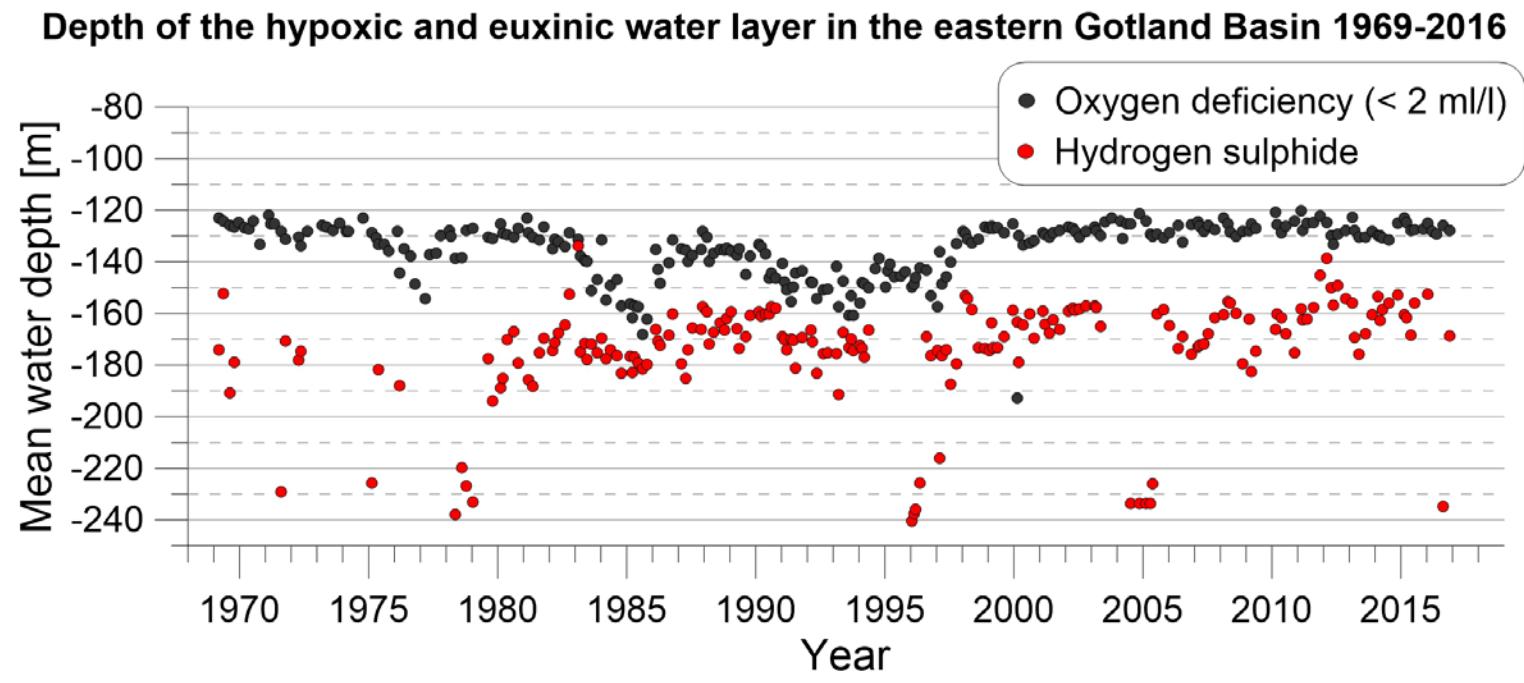
Season	Mean areal extent [km ²]
Hypoxic (Jan.-Feb.)	19471
Euxinic (Jan.-Feb.)	5799
Hypoxic (March)	18634
Euxinic (March)	5325
Hypoxic (April-June)	17830
Euxinic (April-June)	5203
Hypoxic (July-Sept.)	18093
Euxinic (July-Sept.)	5563
Hypoxic (Oct.-Dez.)	18908
Euxinic (Oct.-Dez.)	5660

Seasonal analysis

- Hypoxia: only slightly increase since 70's (2000 km² /11 %)
- H2S: slight increase in the last decade, comparing the stagnation periods, more persistent
- seasonal: only minor changes, min in spring to early summer

Results

eastern Gotland Basin – water depth



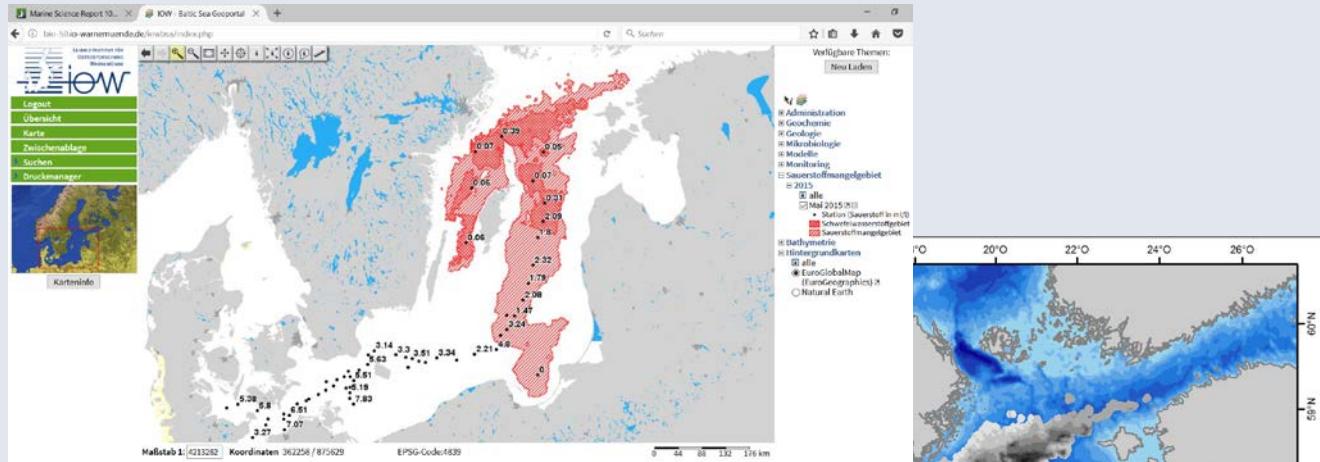
Spatial analysis of hypoxic to euxinic conditions in the eastern Gotland Basin since 1969
 – mean value of water depth considering all deep basins

Time	Mean water depth [m]	Standard deviation [m]	Water depth Max [m]	Water depth Min [m]
Hypoxic (1969-2016)	135	11	193	120
Euxinic (1969-2016)	174	24	241	134

Products for the „Baltic Sea Community“



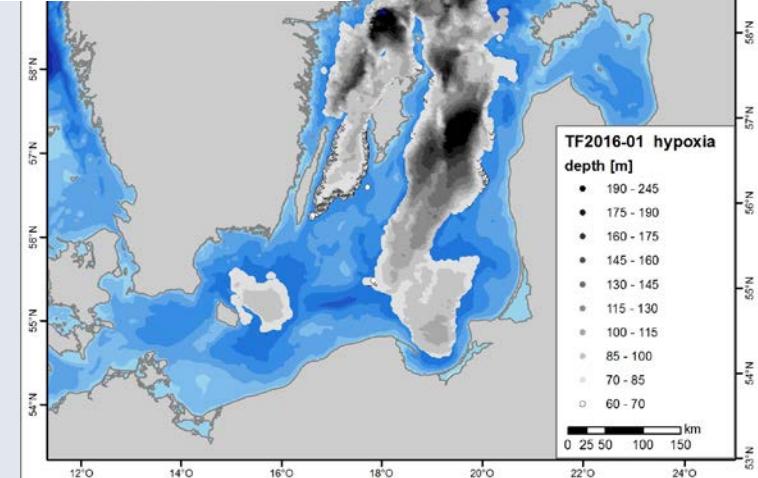
Updates of the report as atlas



WebGIS – availability

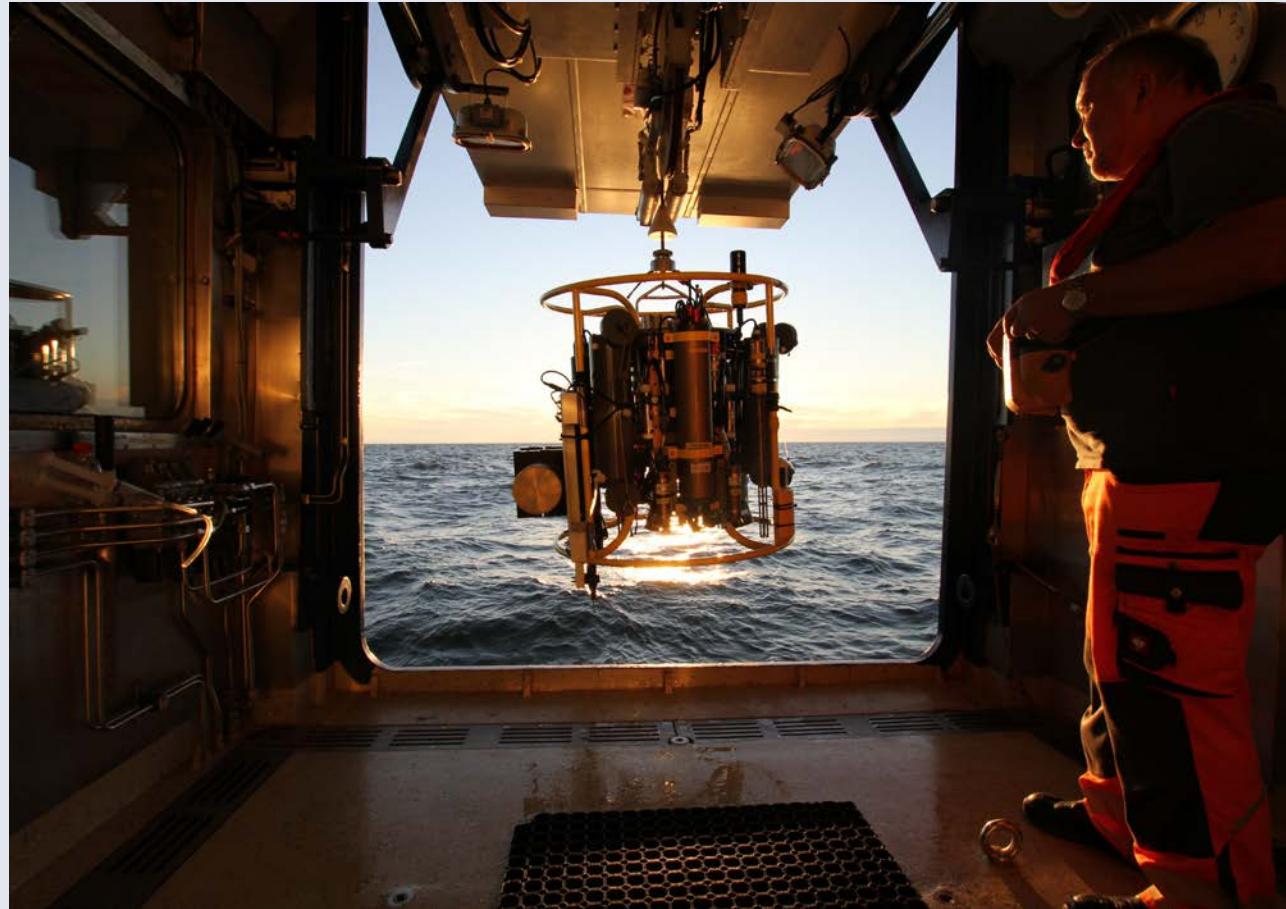
- annual update of the atlas, WebGIS
and providing of shapefiles

-> all kinds of users: informative to professional



GIS shapefiles – grid with depth values of the
hypoxic and euxinic layer

Acknowledgement



- all involved crews, technicians and scientists collecting this long-term dataset